



SOFTBALL CANADA SLO-PITCH 2014 SOFTBALL CANADA NATIONAL UMPIRE EXAM

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FORMAT OF THIS EXAM IS AS FOLLOWS

MINIMUM PASS MARK

<i>Level I - answer questions 1 to 50 - 60%</i>	<i>Level IV - answer questions 1 to 90 - 85%</i>
<i>Level II - answer questions 1 to 65 - 70%</i>	<i>Level V - answer questions 1 to 100 - 90%</i>
<i>Level III - answer questions 1 to 75 - 80%</i>	

- 1 You are required to write from question 1, up to and including the questions listed for your level, and obtain the acceptable pass mark for the level of officiating that you are registering.
- 2 Questions 1 to 100 inclusive are True or False. The entire question must be correct in order for you to answer "True". Should any portion of the question be incorrect, then the response made is "False".
- 3 All questions pertain to Slo-Pitch.
- 4 Mark the most correct response (there is only one) on your answer sheet.
- 5 Please read each question carefully and double-check your answer sheet before submitting.

SOFTBALL CANADA'S UMPIRE CASEBOOK
is an excellent resource to assist in answering exam questions.

NOTE: ALL RULE INTERPRETATION REQUESTS ARE TO BE SUBMITTED TO YOUR PROVINCIAL/TERRITORIAL UMPIRE IN CHIEF

SLO-PITCH 2014

SOFTBALL CANADA NATIONAL UMPIRE EXAM

LEGEND FOR ABBREVIATIONS USED IN THIS TEXT

B1, B2 etc. - Batter	F1 - Pitcher	DR - Designated Runner
BR - Batter-Runner	F2 - Catcher	DP - Designated Player
R1 - Runner on 1st base	F3 - 1st Baseman	FLEX - the player for whom the DP bats
R2 - Runner on 2nd base	F4 - 2nd Baseman	U1 - 1st Base Umpire
R3 - Runner on 3rd base	F5 - 3rd Baseman	U2 - 2nd Base Umpire
PU - Plate Umpire	F6 - Shortstop	U3 - 3rd Base Umpire
BU - Base Umpire	F7 - Left Fielder	
	F8 - Center Fielder	
	F9 - Right Fielder	

LEVEL

I

**Answer questions 1 - 50 inclusive on the answer sheet provided
TRUE OR FALSE**

- Where a "commitment line" is being used, it should be placed perpendicular to the 3rd base line and 21 feet from the back of home plate.
- The BR overruns 1st base and clearly makes an attempt to go to 2nd base. He then decides to return to 1st base, slides to the orange portion of the safe bag and is tagged. BR is "Out".
- A team may play shorthanded if a player is ejected and there are no substitutes available.
- Exposed jewellery, or any other item deemed dangerous by the umpire, may not be worn during the game.
- A legally batted ball which hits the foul pole on the fly is a fair ball.
- A fly ball that is declared as an "Infield Fly", falls untouched in foul territory before 1st and 3rd base, then rolls into fair territory before being touched, will remain an "Infield Fly" considering that all requirements for an "Infield Fly" are in order.
- A runner who misses home plate and enters the dugout/team area may legally return to touch home plate.
- B4 is at bat with a count of 2 strikes. The defence correctly appeals to the PU that B3 should be the batter. The umpire shall simply replace B4 with B3 who assumes the count of 2 strikes. There is no "Out" in this situation.
- "Obstruction" of a runner by a defensive player is an example of a "Delayed Dead Ball" situation.
- When a player changes the physical structure of a legal bat, such as adding excessive layers of tape to the grip or taping over the knob of the bat, the bat is then considered to be an illegal bat.
- An appeal for a runner missing a base may only be made while the ball is live.
- A hit ball strikes the BU after passing F4. The PU immediately calls "Time" and awards the BR 1st base.
- If an EP is being used, he/she must be used the entire game. Failure to complete the game with an EP results in the forfeiture of the game.
- The BR steps back toward home plate to avoid being tagged "Out" by F3. This is a "Dead Ball" situation. The BR is declared "Out" but any runners may advance at their own risk of being put "Out".
- The 3rd base coach is in his coach's box and is wearing sandals. The BU requests that he wear proper foot attire while in the coach's box. If that is not possible he shall be removed from the game.
- A player removed from the game for a rule violation is considered an ineligible player.
- When a runner abandons a base and enters the team area or leaves live ball territory, the ball is dead, that runner is out and all other runner(s) must return to the last base legally touched at the time of the infraction.
- A substitute that has been in the game, and subsequently removed from the game by the coach, may later return to the game as a replacement player.

19. When a base is awarded by an umpire in error, that error cannot be corrected after a pitch.
20. If the umpire mistakenly allows two intentional walks at one time and the first batter fails to touch first base, an appeal shall be honored on the first batter.
21. Catcher's obstruction is an example of an "Option Play" whereby the coach of the offended team is given the choice of taking the enforcement of the illegal action or the result of the play.
22. An "illegal substitute" can be any player who has entered the game without being announced to the PU.
23. The batter fails to enter the batter's box within 10 seconds after "Play Ball" has been called. This warrants a strike being called on the batter.
24. There are 12 appeal plays in Slo-Pitch. All of these must be made prior to the next pitch, legal or illegal.
25. When a batter enters the batter's box or is discovered using an altered bat, that player is an "Out" and is ejected from the game.
26. The visiting team is ahead by a score of 18 to 2 in the top of the 5th inning when the game is rained out. This is a regulation game.
27. A batted ball is hit to F6, who overthrows the ball at first base. The ball hits the coach. The ball settles in foul territory. The PU rules a "Blocked Ball" and advances the runners two bases.
28. The PU is right to stop a game that he/she feels puts the umpire, players and spectators at risk.
29. B5 has a count of 1 ball and 2 strikes. B5 swings at the next pitch but the ball hits his hands and rolls into foul territory. The PU should signal "foul ball" and have B5 return to the batter's box.
30. If two offensive coaches confer a second time in the same inning, the coach initiating the conference will be ejected.
31. B1 hits a slow ground ball to F6 who makes the throw to F3. B1 steps on the white portion of 1st base just before the ball gets to F3. B1 is safe at 1st base.
32. The batter's box is 3 feet wide and 7 feet long. It extends 3 feet in front of the middle of home plate and 4 feet back from the middle of home plate. It is situated 6 inches from either side of home plate.
33. A player sustains an injury and is bleeding. He is withdrawn from play and the replacement player may act in his place for the remainder of that inning only.
34. A long fly ball hits F9's glove and goes directly over the fence in fair territory. This is a home run and is counted as part of the home run limit.
35. After having been warned by the umpire, the pitcher delivers another pitch with excessive speed. The PU will remove the pitcher from the pitching position for the remainder of the inning.
36. All defensive players must be in fair territory, with the exception of the catcher who must be in the catcher's box, upon the delivery of a pitch by the pitcher.
37. The catcher's box shall be 10 ft. in length from the rear outside corners of the batters boxes and shall be 8 ft. 5 in. wide.
38. New batter, PU motions to pitcher to play ball. The pitcher then prepares to pitch the ball and as part of his preparation licks his fingers and grasps the ball ready to deliver the ball. The PU immediately calls, "Illegal Pitch".
39. A substitute pitcher enters the game with a glove that has the inside pocket and fingers painted white. This glove can be used in competition.
40. R2 is rounding 3rd base on a single by B8, when he stumbles. The 3rd base coach assists R2 to his feet and he subsequently scores. This run is allowed by the PU.
41. A new pitcher coming into the game will be allowed not more than one minute to deliver three warm-up pitches to the catcher and three warm-up pitches will be allowed at the start of each subsequent inning.
42. Batter hits a ball down the left field line that lands on the edge of the chalk line bordering foul territory. The PU points toward fair territory, saying nothing. This would indicate a fair ball.
43. Runner is out when running behind or in front of a fielder, and outside the base path, in order to avoid the fielder who is attempting to field a ball.

44. A base umpire shall assist the PU in every way, to enforce the rules of the game and can determine when a game is forfeited.
45. In running the bases the batter-runner rounds first base on the way to second, but while rounding first, runs 15-feet out of the base line on the way to second base. The umpire should call the batter-runner out for being out of the base line.
46. A ball thrown by F4 strikes U2 who was focused on the call at 1st base. The play should be called immediately because interference has occurred.
47. B1 hits a high fly ball that hits the outfield fence then rebounds and hits F8's shoulder and deflects over the outfield fence in fair territory. This is a two base award.
48. There shall be only 3 defensive charged conferences allowed in a 7 inning game.
49. The pitcher throws a pitch that goes behind the batter's head, strikes his bat then settles in foul territory. Plate umpire calls "Foul" and rules a strike on the batter.
50. The on deck batter may use either on deck circle depending which side of the plate the batter swings from.

LEVEL

II

***Answer questions 1 - 65 inclusive on the answer sheet provided
TRUE OR FALSE***

51. The batter hits a ground ball to the shortstop, who throws wild into the stands (ball is dead). The batter-runner misses first base but is awarded second base on the overthrow. Once the ball is put back into play, the defensive team makes a proper appeal that the batter-runner missed first and the umpire calls him out.
52. During a live ball situation, a player becomes injured and in the umpire's judgment requires immediate attention. The umpire can call "Dead Ball" and/or "Time" to stop the play.
53. The batting order shall show the first initial and last name in the order in which the players are scheduled to bat.
54. The bases are loaded. R2 intentionally interferes with F6's fielding of a ground ball. In this scenario, R2 is declared "Out" for interference and the immediate succeeding runner shall also be called "Out". R3 must also return to 3rd base.
55. R1 is obstructed between 1st and 2nd bases. He continues past 3rd base and is easily thrown "Out" at home plate. The umpire is correct in calling R1 "Out" in this scenario, if the umpire judges that the obstruction only prevented R1 from reaching 3rd base.
56. Powdered resin is being used because of damp playing conditions. The pitcher picks up the bag of resin puts it into the pocket of his glove, rubs his pitching hand on the resin bag then returns it to the ground. He then receives the ball from the catcher. This is legal.
57. B4 hits a double to right field. R3 trips and sprains his ankle before reaching home plate. R2 physically assists R3 across the safe line and then crosses the safe line himself. The umpire allows both of these runs to score.
58. Runner on 1st base, one out. Batter hits a ground ball to F3 playing even with the base. He fields the ball, steps on 1st base and then tags the runner who is still on the base. Double play, three outs.
59. Sam is listed on the line-up card as a starting player. At the pre-game plate conference, the coach replaces Sam with Henry. This move is legal and Henry is now considered the starting player and Sam will be allowed to enter the game as a substitute for only Henry.
60. The second baseman takes a strong and accurate throw from the right fielder and is waiting for the BR to come into second base. The batter-runner seeing that he/she is a dead duck, intentionally barrels into the second baseman and knocks the ball loose. The umpire calls the batter-runner out and ejects the BR from the game.
61. The defensive coach comes out to conference with his pitcher in the 6th inning. It is the fourth conference in the game for the defensive team. The offensive coach complains to the PU that the coach must change the pitcher because it is the fourth conference. The PU lets the pitcher continue in the pitching position.
62. The batter hits a long fly ball down left field line. As the BR turns at first base, he passes R1. The ball lands in foul territory. U1 rules BR out for passing R1.

63. Batter hits a single to left field, rounds first base and thinks about going to second. The outfielder throws the ball into the fielder who turns and throws to first trying to catch the runner off the bag at 1st. The throw hits the runner in the back and rolls out of play. Runner is awarded 2nd base because he was going back to first. This call is protestable.
64. Batter hits a line drive, striking R1 while still in contact with first base and leaning toward 2nd base. The first baseman is playing behind the bag, a foot from the foul line. Dead ball, R1 awarded second and BR gets first.
65. A player having been removed from the game for a violation of a rule may return as a replacement player for the blood rule.



**Answer questions 1 - 75 inclusive on the answer sheet provided
TRUE OR FALSE.**

66. B8 hits a ground ball through the infield and it is retrieved by F10. B8 rounds 1st base without touching the orange portion of the safe base. Once the ball comes back into the infield, F3 appeals that B8 missed the orange base. The umpire should rule B8 "Out" for failing to use the safe portion of the double base.
67. Bases loaded with no outs. The batter hits a lazy fly ball to the left fielder which holds the runners to their bases for the tag up. The fielder drops the ball and in frustration picks up the ball, turns around and throws it over the fence into dead ball territory. Umpire declares, "Dead Ball", 2 runs score and runners are placed at third base and second base with no outs.
68. R1 & R2 with less than 2 out when the batter hits a fly ball over the infield. F4 & F6 position themselves on the outfield side of the base path. Both players misjudge the fly ball and it drops to the ground in front of them. The ball bounces up and accidentally hits R2 who is off 2nd base. Plate umpire had called and signaled "Infield Fly" and the BU signals interference because the ball has not passed an infielder. Batter is out, R2 is out and R1 returns to last base touched at time the batted ball contacted R2.
69. R1, one out. Batter hits a ground ball that the pitcher misplays going off his glove. The base runner gets hit by the ball as the second basperson prepares to field the ball. The BU calls "Dead Ball", rules R1 out and awards BR 1st base.
70. The offensive team leaves 2 bats leaning up against the fence outside the dugout. A thrown ball becomes blocked by the 2 bats. There was no play on any runner at the time so the PU shall declare the runner closest to home out.
71. Runners at 3rd base and 1st base with 2 out. B2 hits a single to left field. R3 scores on the hit and R1 misses 2nd base on the way to 3rd base. The defensive team correctly appeals the missed base by R1 to the base umpire who rules R1 out on the appeal for the 3rd out of the inning. R3's run does not score.
72. R1 & R3 on base when the batter hits a long fly ball. F8 tracks the ball and makes the catch. R3 returns to 3rd to tag up and R1 who had rounded 2nd base runs directly back to 1st base and makes it safely before the ball. The defensive team appeals that R1 did not touch 2nd base on the way back to 1st base. R1 is called out on the appeal.
73. R1 when B3 hits a single to right field. R1 is on his way to 3rd base when F6 steps in front of him slowing him down. The throw comes into 3rd and R1 is tagged out. The base umpire should call "OBSTRUCTION" and signal delayed dead ball as soon as he sees it and immediately call "DEAD BALL" when R1 is tagged and rule him safe.
74. B4 hits a double to right centre field. F2 immediately asks the PU to check the bat that was used by B4. The PU picks up the bat and notices that, although it conforms to all rule book specifications, it has a distinctive 'rattle' from inside the barrel. The PU should remove the bat, but the results of the play are legal and B4 remains at 2nd base.
75. R1, no outs. F1 commits an illegal pitch but the batter swings hitting the ball for a single. On the hit, R1 touches 2nd base, starts toward 3rd base, hesitates and then returns to second where she is tagged out. This play stands.



**Answer questions 1 - 90 inclusive on the answer sheet provided.
TRUE OR FALSE.**

76. There are runners on 1st and 2nd bases, no outs, and the batter hits a high pop up that is ruled an "Infield Fly". However, the ball falls untouched to the ground and starts rolling towards the foul line. The 1st baseman throws his glove at the ball, hitting the ball while in fair territory. 2 runs score and batter is awarded 3rd base.

77. With one out in the 4th inning, the pitcher crosses the foul line to speak with the coach who is sitting on the bench. The BU informs the PU who then tells the defensive coach that he has been charged with one conference. With two out and runners on 2nd and 3rd bases (in the same half inning) the defensive coach comes onto the playing field to confer with the PU about a rule interpretation regarding the on-deck batter. Before leaving the field he stops to give instructions to his pitcher. The PU is correct when he rules a second charged conference and removes F1 from the pitching position for the remainder of the game.
78. R1 and R3. Batter hits a pop up to the left of the catcher towards the on-deck batter. As the catcher is about to make a play on the ball the on-deck batter yells, "I got it." The catcher stops and does not make the catch thinking he is being called off. The plate umpire should immediately call "Dead Ball" and rule the batter-runner out on interference. R1 & R3 do not advance on the play.
79. The defensive team intentionally walks a batter. The next batter is also intentionally walked. The 1st batter hears the walk to the 2nd batter prior to touching 1st base and goes directly to 2nd base. The defense appeals the 1st runner not touching 1st base. The BU denies the appeal.
80. A team manager informs the umpire that a substitute player will hit for the starter who is batting fourth and the starter will re-enter the game when the team plays defense. The umpire accepts the substitution and the re-entry without any further communications.
81. R3, R1, 1 out. B3 hits pitched ball that dribbles slowly along ground toward pitcher who fields the ball and throws the ball towards the infielder covering first base. B3, who is now running adjacent to the three foot line in fair territory, is hit with the thrown ball while his right foot is just grazing the outside line of the three foot line. "Dead Ball" is called; B3 ruled out, runners return to their last base touched at time of the interference.
82. Runner on 3rd base when B7 hits a ground ball to F6. Upon leaving the batter's box he drops his bat in front of home plate. F6 throws home to prevent R3 from scoring. The thrown ball hits B7's bat. In this scenario, the ball is dead and R3 will be called "Out" because this is a type of offensive interference.
83. In a Co-ed game, the first pitch to a male batter is called a strike by the PU. The defensive team verbally encourages F1 to intentionally walk the batter. F1 then pitches the next four balls very high or very wide so that B1 cannot hit the ball and is walked. Under the rules, this is considered an intentional walk and B1 is awarded 2nd base and the next batter, a female, may have the option of hitting or taking a walk.
84. The batter makes contact with a pitched ball which goes foul. It was obvious that one foot was clearly out of the batter's box on contact. The offensive coach comes out to appeal and states that the other team had wiped out the lines of the batter's box so how could the PU call his batter out. PU is correct in ignoring the appeal and still calls batter out for having a foot outside the batter's box.
85. BR hits a solid single to right field. As he rounds 1st base he slips and falls. The alert right fielder quickly throws the ball to the awaiting 1st base person who applies the sweep tag on the BR. However, in doing so, the ball comes loose and rolls into the dugout. The BU calls "Dead Ball" and awards the BR 3rd base, which is 2 bases from the time of the throw. This is the correct award.
86. At the end of the inning, the defensive player, F4 Davis, leaves her glove on the fence post beside the dugout. In the top of the next inning, R1 and R3, when the batter hits a line drive to F6. F6 catches the ball and attempts to put out R1 who is off the bag trying to return to 1B. R3 is also heading back into 3B. The throw is a bit off line and the ball hits the glove on the fence, sending the ball out into foul territory behind first base. It is correct for the PU to call, "Dead Ball", rule R1 out and place R3 back on third base.
87. With no outs, R1 on first base and B2 scheduled to bat, B4 comes to bat instead and grounds into a double play. Before the next batter steps into the batter's box, the defence appeals that B4 batted out of order. The Umpire rules that the double play stands and that B2 is also declared out for the third out of the inning.
88. Two umpire system. R1, R2, with none out. Batter hits pitched ball to outfield for a double. R2 is advancing toward home and R1 is heading for 3rd base. The PU has a slight hesitation at home but then moves toward third base when he sees the ball going to 3rd base. The base umpire sees the PU at home and turns to move closer to 3rd base to make a call. With both officials in good positions to make the call, they simultaneously make calls and signals that are opposite to one another. This is the PU's call.
89. R1, R2 with one out, when B4 hits a ground ball to F4. R2 dislodges 2nd base when he pushes off the base to go to 3rd base. F4 throws the ball to F6 who drags his foot over the magnetic base support before R1 reaches 2nd

base and throws the ball to F3 for a double play, ending the inning. The “Out” at 2nd base should be nullified and play should resume with (2) out and R1 at second base and R2 at 3rd base.

90. At the start of a Co-ed game, Team A's line-up starts with six males and six females. In the fourth inning it is brought to the umpire's attention that Team A is playing with six male and four female players on defence. The umpire notifies the coach of Team A of his error and to correct it. There is no penalty but warns that if it happens again he will be ejected from the game for unsportsmanlike behaviour.



**Answer questions 1 - 100 inclusive on the answer sheet provided
TRUE OR FALSE.**

91. Runner at 1st base with no outs. The batter hits ball in the air above first base in fair territory. R1 runs into F3 fielding the ball. Umpire immediately calls dead ball. F4 comes over and makes the catch on the ball. There are now two outs.
92. R2 is caught in a run-down between 2nd and 3rd base. He is obstructed by F5 as he tries to get to third base. The BU signals and verbalizes, “Obstruction”. F6 then turns and throws to F4 who tags the BR as she slides into 2nd base. R2 is subsequently thrown out at home plate. Both outs stand.
93. R2, when BR hits pitched ball for a single. R2 hustles for home, rounding 3rd base but misses touching the base. Outfielder throws ball home to the catcher who catches ball, while in contact with the plate. R2 realizes his running error and retreats toward 3rd base after crossing the commitment line just before the catcher has caught the ball. BU rules R2 out.
94. The bases are loaded with two outs. A batter bats out of order and hits a pitched ball, clearing the bases. The BR tries to stretch his double into a triple and is tagged out sliding into third base for the third out. The teams' switch positions, but before a pitch is thrown, the team coming to bat appeals that the last batter had batted out of order. The PU agrees. No runs score.
95. In the third inning, a team member substitutes for a starting player without telling the PU. In the next inning with bases loaded and two outs, this substitute hits a pitched ball for a single scoring two runs. The defensive teams now appeal correctly the use an illegal substitution. The PU calls the player in question “Out”, a proper substitute replaces the unannounced substitute and no runs would count.
96. The batter hits a pitched ball in the air to the deepest part of the ball park. The BU goes out and assumes that the ball will leave the park and signals homerun. The BR sees the home run call and slows up going around second. The ball falls in fair territory, is picked up by the fielder, who throws the ball to F6 who relays the ball to the catcher. The BR is called out on a close play at the plate. Since the BU's error put the runner in jeopardy he is put back at third base.
97. R1 and R2, 2 out, new batter. PU makes the line-up change and announces new batter. Batter hits first pitch to the outfield and as the ball is hit the catcher yells illegal bat. Runners both score and R1 picks up the bat and carries it into dug-out. Time is called, when catcher notifies umpire that the bat was illegal. The PU goes to dug-out retrieves alleged bat and removes bat from game to be tested. No other action is taken.
98. There are runners at 1st and 2nd. The BR hits a line drive with both runners scoring and the BR is heading for third base. The throw from the outfield comes in over the head of the third baseman. This park is totally fenced in with each dug out area having one gate to get into the bench area. As the thrown ball ricochets off the fence it rolls into the offensive team's dug out because the door to the dugout was left open by the bat boy retrieving the bat of the BR. PU rules “Dead Ball” and leaves the batter runner at third base.
99. In the 4th inning of a Canadian Championship game, the tournament supervisor decides the game can no longer be continued because of the heavy fog in the outfield. It is correct for the PU to stop the game based on the tournament supervisor's decision. The game will be declared not a regulation game and replayed from the beginning.
100. There is a runner on 2nd base when the batter hits a single to right field. While the ball is in play, the on-deck batter tries to pick up the bat and remove it from the playing field but in a panic drops the bat in front of home plate. F8 throws the ball home as R2 rounds third base and heads home. The thrown ball hits the bat and bounds out of F2's reach. R2 proceeds home and scores. The BR ends up at 2nd on the throw. The PU declares a “Dead Ball” situation and returns R2 to 3rd base and the BR to 1st base.



NATIONAL UMPIRE EXAM SLO-PITCH 2014

ANSWER SHEET

Answer all questions by filling in the appropriate circle

LEVEL I	TRUE	FALSE	TRUE	FALSE	TRUE	FALSE	TRUE	FALSE	TRUE	FALSE	
1.	☐	☐	11.	☐	☐	21.	☐	☐	31.	☐	☐
2.	☐	☐	12.	☐	☐	22.	☐	☐	32.	☐	☐
3.	☐	☐	13.	☐	☐	23.	☐	☐	33.	☐	☐
4.	☐	☐	14.	☐	☐	24.	☐	☐	34.	☐	☐
5.	☐	☐	15.	☐	☐	25.	☐	☐	35.	☐	☐
6.	☐	☐	16.	☐	☐	26.	☐	☐	36.	☐	☐
7.	☐	☐	17.	☐	☐	27.	☐	☐	37.	☐	☐
8.	☐	☐	18.	☐	☐	28.	☐	☐	38.	☐	☐
9.	☐	☐	19.	☐	☐	29.	☐	☐	39.	☐	☐
10.	☐	☐	20.	☐	☐	30.	☐	☐	40.	☐	☐

LEVEL II	TRUE	FALSE	LEVEL III	TRUE	FALSE	LEVEL IV	TRUE	FALSE	LEVEL V	TRUE	FALSE
51.	☐	☐	66.	☐	☐	76.	☐	☐	91.	☐	☐
52.	☐	☐	67.	☐	☐	77.	☐	☐	92.	☐	☐
53.	☐	☐	68.	☐	☐	78.	☐	☐	93.	☐	☐
54.	☐	☐	69.	☐	☐	79.	☐	☐	94.	☐	☐
55.	☐	☐	70.	☐	☐	80.	☐	☐	95.	☐	☐
56.	☐	☐	71.	☐	☐	81.	☐	☐	96.	☐	☐
57.	☐	☐	72.	☐	☐	82.	☐	☐	97.	☐	☐
58.	☐	☐	73.	☐	☐	83.	☐	☐	98.	☐	☐
59.	☐	☐	74.	☐	☐	84.	☐	☐	99.	☐	☐
60.	☐	☐	75.	☐	☐	85.	☐	☐	100.	☐	☐
61.	☐	☐				86.	☐	☐			
62.	☐	☐				87.	☐	☐			
63.	☐	☐				88.	☐	☐			
64.	☐	☐				89.	☐	☐			
65.	☐	☐				90.	☐	☐			

NAME

ADDRESS

CITY PROV/TERRITORY POSTAL CODE

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SOFTBALL CANADA UMPIRE #